CONTENTS   PAGE

1. Features & Mechanical Specifications

| Item	Contents	Unit
	LCD	
LCD Type	TFT Transmissive Normal White	--
Viewing direction	12:00	--
Backlight	White LED x4 in Parallel	--
Interface	16bit parallel bus interface	--
Driver IC	ILI9325	--
Outline Dimension	42.72(W) × 60.26(H) × 3.7(T)	mm
Glass area (W×H×T)	41.1 ×57.1× 1.44	mm
Active area (W×H)	36.72×48.96	mm
Number of Dots	240(RGB) × 320	--
Pixel pitch (W×H)	0.153 × 0.153	mm
Operating Temperature	-20 ～ +70	℃
Storage temperature	-30 ～ +80	℃

2. Dimensional Outline
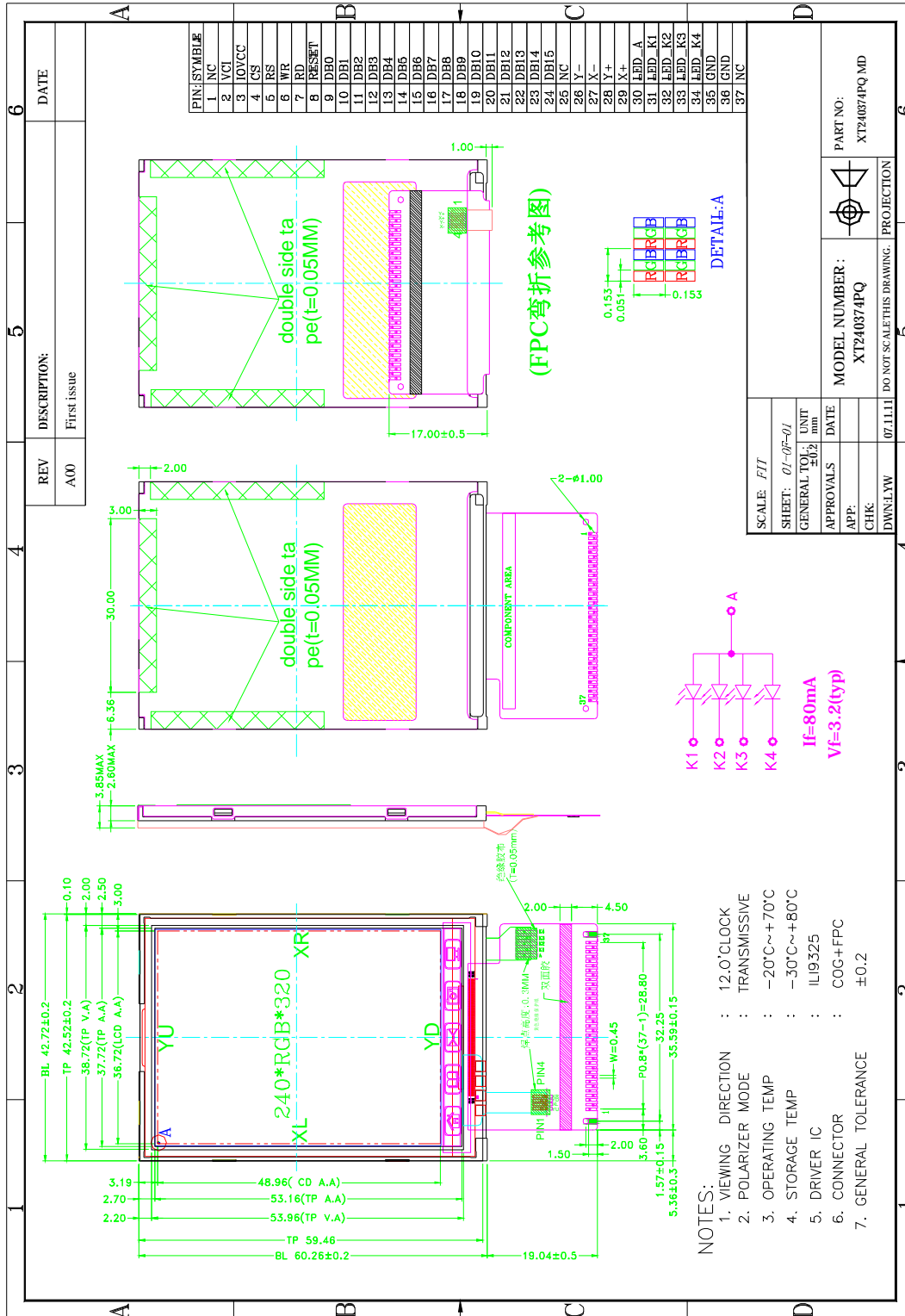
Figure 1. Dimensional outline

3. <u>Block Diagram</u>
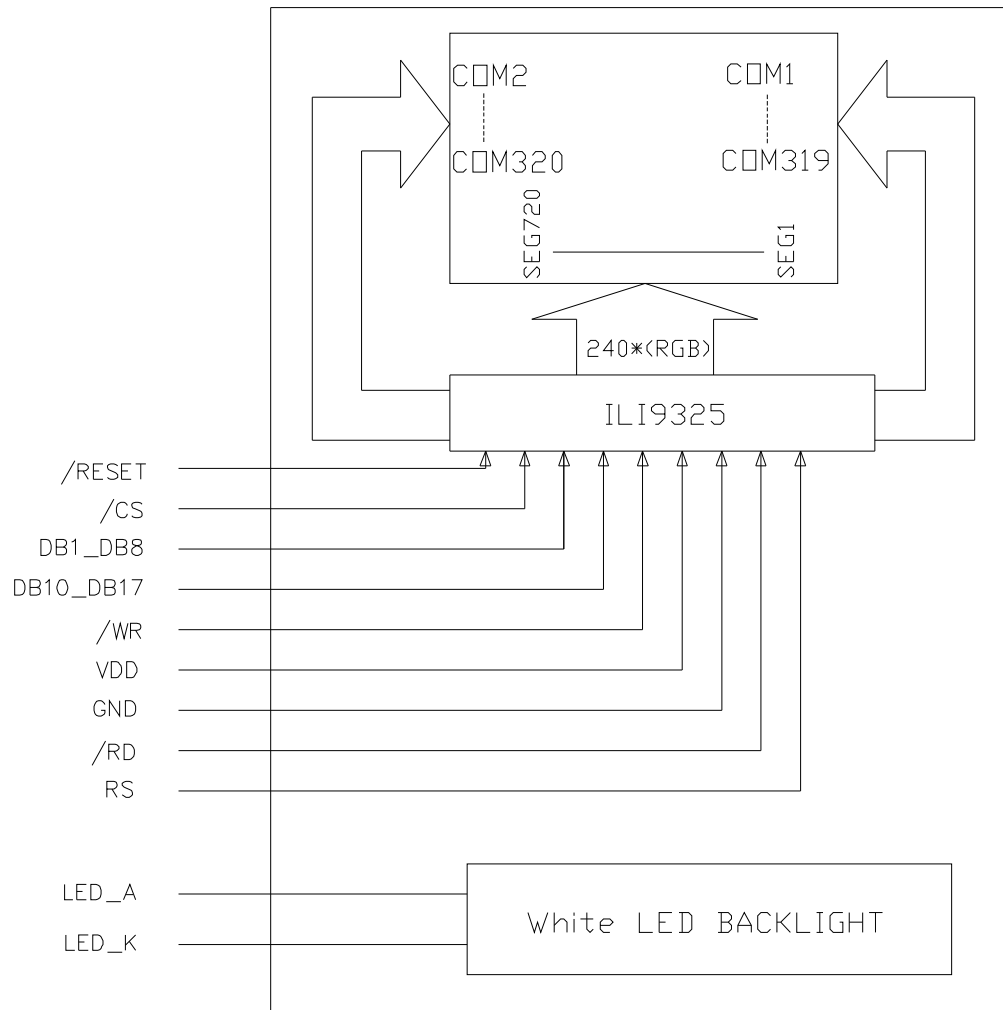

Figure 2. Block diagram

4. Pin Description

PIN No.	SYMBOL	Function
1	NC	NC
2	VDD	Power supply
3	VDD	Power supply
4	CS	Chip Select input pin. (Active Low)
5	RS	Data or command select pin. "H": Date, "L": Command.
6	WR	Write signal input pin. (Active Low)
7	RD	Read signal input pin. (Active Low)
8	RESET	Reset Signal pin ("Low" is enable)
9	DB0	Data bus
10	DB1	Data bus
11	DB2	Data bus
12	DB3	Data bus
13	DB4	Data bus
14	DB5	Data bus
15	DB6	Data bus
16	DB7	Data bus
17	DB8	Data bus
18	DB9	Data bus
19	DB10	Data bus
20	DB11	Data bus
21	DB12	Data bus
22	DB13	Data bus
23	DB14	Data bus
24	DB15	Data bus
25	NC	NC
26	Y-	Touch panel contrl signal pin
27	X-	Touch panel contrl signal pin
28	Y+	Touch panel contrl signal pin
29	X+	Touch panel contrl signal pin
30	LEDA	Backlight LED Anode.
31	LEDK1	Backlight LED Cathode.
32	LEDK2	Backlight LED Cathode.

33	LEDK3	Backlight LED Cathode.
34	LEDK4	Backlight LED Cathode.
35	GND	Ground
36	GND	Ground
37	NC	NC

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Rating			Unit
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX	
Supply Voltage range	VDD	-0.3	-	VDD+0.3	V
Power supply for gate drive	VGH	10		VDD+0.3	V
	VGL	-16.5		-4.0	V
TFT Common Voltage	VcomH	0	-	3.95	V
	VcomL	-1	-	0.5	V
Operating Temperature range	TOP	-20	-	+70	℃
Storage Temperature range	TST	-30	-	+80	℃

6. Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
Logic Supply Voltage	VDD	2.8	-	3.3	V
I/O Supply Voltage	IOVCC	1.65	-	3.0	V

7. Backlight Characteristics

White LED × 4 in parallel   **(Ta = 25°C)**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=80mA	-	3.2	-	V
Uniformity	△Bp	-	80	-	-	%
Luminance for LCD	Lv	IF=80mA	3000	3200	-	cd/m^2

8. Electro-Optical Characteristics

Using HYDIS LC+ Normal Polarizer+Corresponding Backlight, reference only (Note 1,Note 2)

Item		Symbol	Conditions	Specifications			Unit	Note
				Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Transmittance		T%			4.7		%	All left side data are based on CMO's following condition – Type 767 NTSC: 60% LC:5066 Light : C light (Machine:BM5A) Normal Polarizer Without DBEF
Contrast Ratio		CR		150	250	-	-	
Response Time		T_R		NA	10	20	ms	
		T_F		NA	20	30	ms	
Chromaticity	Red	X_R	Viewing normal angle $\theta_X = \theta_Y = 0°$	0.603	0.633	0.663		
		Y_R		0.299	0.329	0.359		
	Green	X_G		0.264	0.294	0.324		
		Y_G		0.546	0.576	0.606		
	Blue	X_B		0.103	0.133	0.163		
		Y_B		0.092	0.122	0.152		
	White	X_W		0.278	0.308	0.338		
		Y_W		0.316	0.346	0.376		
Viewing Angle	Hor.	θ_{X+}	Center CR≥10		45	-	deg.	
		θ_{X-}			45	-		
	Ver.	θ_{Y+}			35	-		
		θ_{Y-}			15	-		

*Note (1) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

    The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.
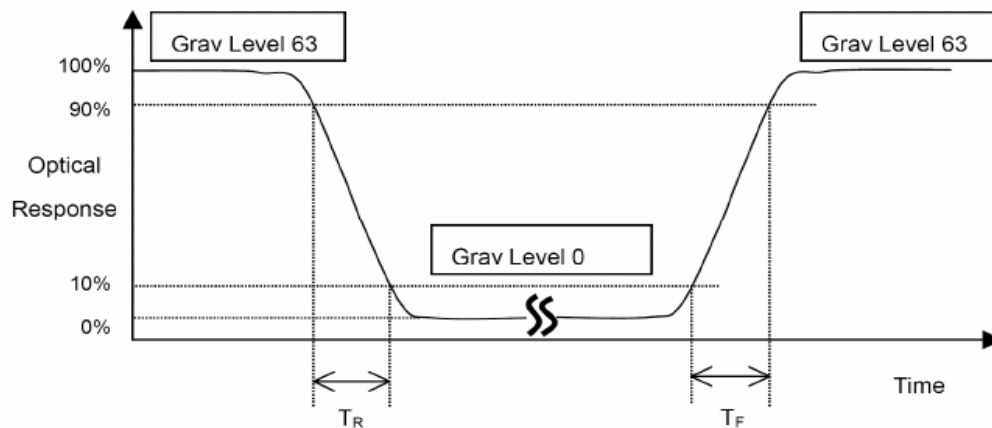
    Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

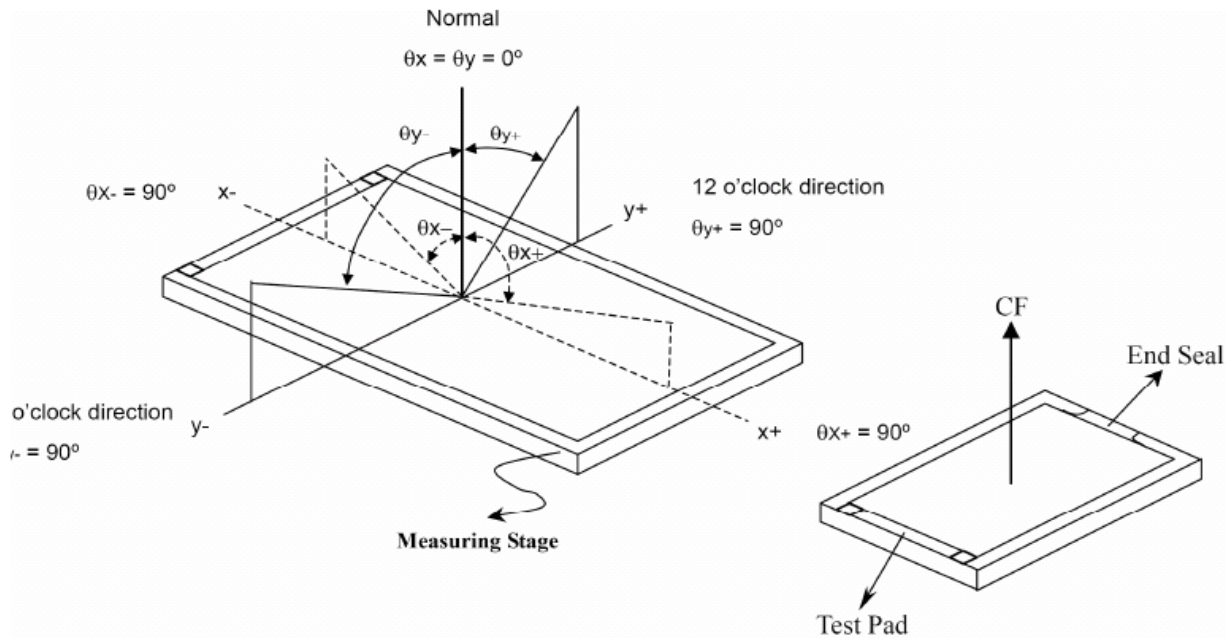   L63: Luminance of gray level 63

    L0: Luminance of gray level 0

    CR = CR (10)

    CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

*Note (2) Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):

*Note(3) Definition of Viewing Angle

*** The above "Viewing Angle" is the measuring position with Largest Contrast Ratio; not for good image quality. View Direction for good image quality is 6 O'clock.   Module maker can increase the "Viewing Angle" by applying Wide View Film.

*Note (4)   Measurement Set-Up:

The LCD module should be stabilized at a given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.
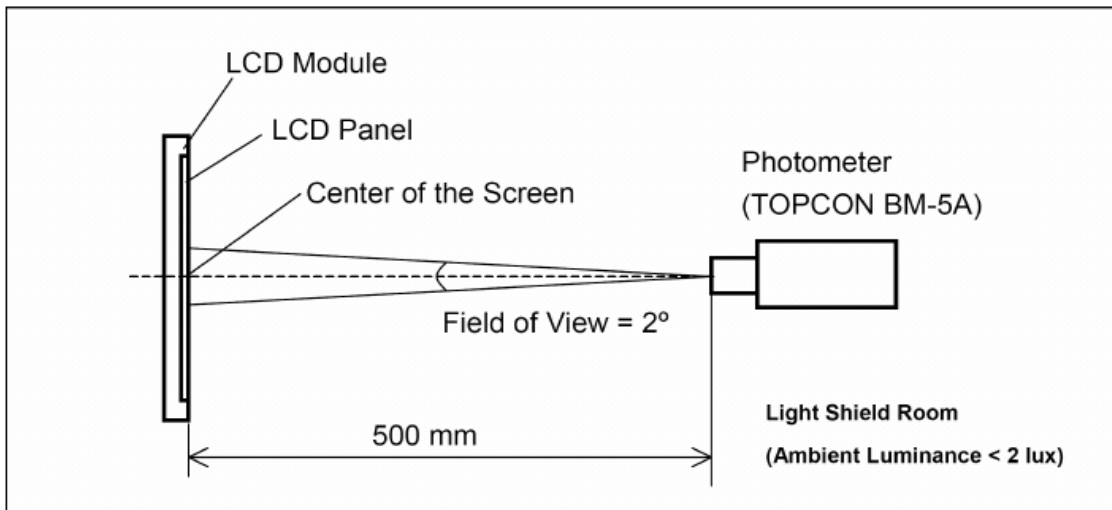
9. Instruction Description
Please refer to ILI9325 datasheet

10. AC Characteristics

8080-series MCU interface Timing Characteristics

Normal Write Mode (IOVCC = 1.65~3.3V, VCC=2.4~3.3V)

Item		Symbol	Unit	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Test Condition
Bus cycle time	Write	t_{CYCW}	ns	100	-	-	-
	Read	t_{CYCR}	ns	300	-	-	-
Write low-level pulse width		PW_{LW}	ns	50	-	500	-
Write high-level pulse width		PW_{HW}	ns	50	-	-	-
Read low-level pulse width		PW_{LR}	ns	150	-	-	-
Read high-level pulse width		PW_{HR}	ns	150	-	-	
Write / Read rise / fall time		t_{WRr}/t_{WRf}	ns	-	-	25	
Setup time	Write (RS to nCS, E/nWR)	t_{AS}	ns	10	-	-	
	Read (RS to nCS, RW/nRD)			5	-	-	
Address hold time		t_{AH}	ns	5	-	-	
Write data set up time		t_{DSW}	ns	10	-	-	
Write data hold time		t_{H}	ns	15	-	-	
Read data delay time		t_{DDR}	ns	-	-	100	
Read data hold time		t_{DHR}	ns	5	-	-	

8
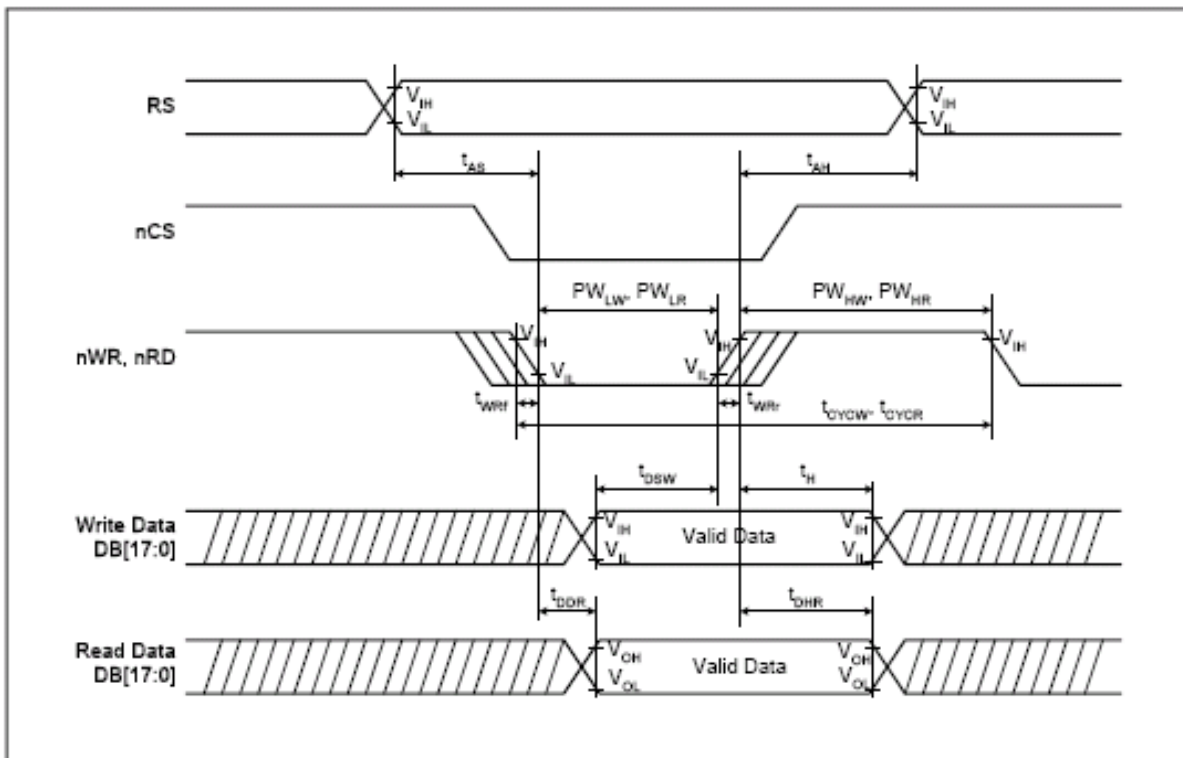
11.Quality Specifications

All The raw material are Rohs complicant.

11.1 Standard of the product appearance test

Manner of appearance test: The inspection should be performed in using 20W x 2 fluorescent lamps.

Distance between LCM and fluorescent lamps should be 100 cm or more. Distance between LCM

and inspector eyes should be 30 cm or more.

Viewing direction for inspection is 45° from vertical against LCM.

Fluorescent Lamps

30cm $_{min}$ 100cm $_{min}$

45°   45°

LCM
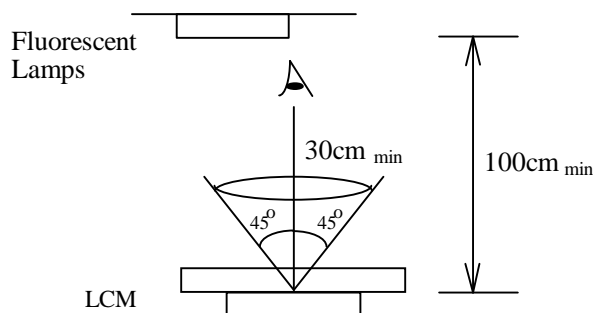
Definition of zone:
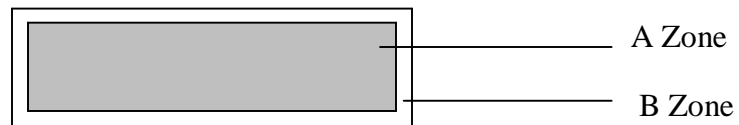
A Zone

B Zone

A Zone: viewing area
B Zone: outside viewing area

11.2 Specification of quality assurance
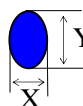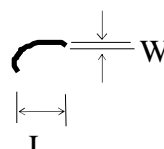
AQL inspection standard
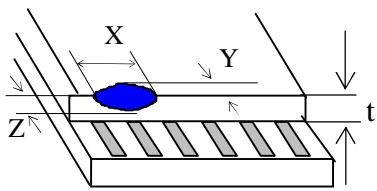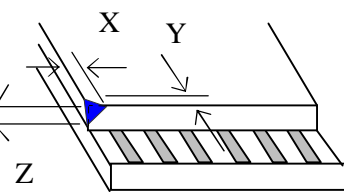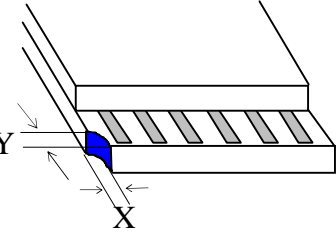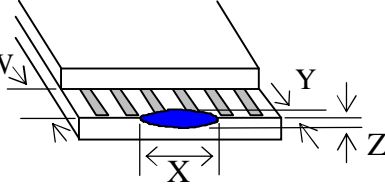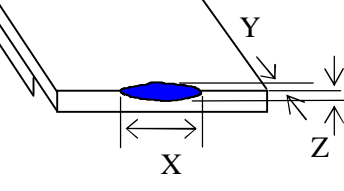
Sampling method: MIL-STD-105E, Level II, single sampling
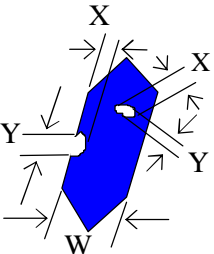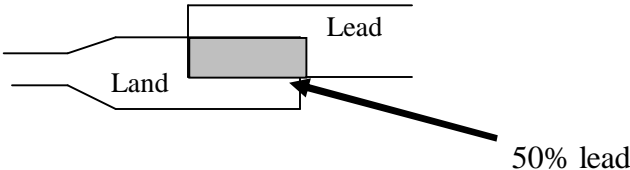
Defect classification (Note: * is not including)
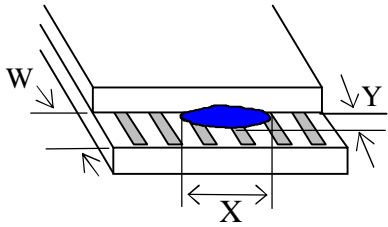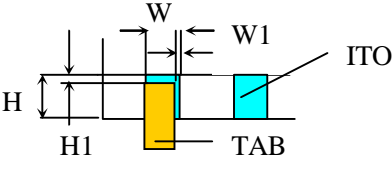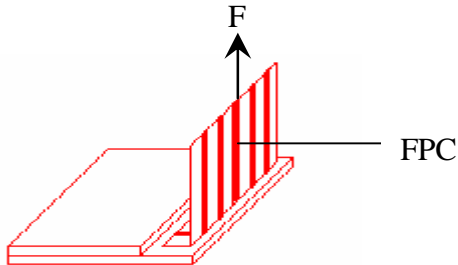
Classify		Item	Note	AQL
Major	Display state	Short or open circuit		0.65
		LC leakage		
		Flickering	1	
		No display		
		Wrong viewing direction		
		Contrast defect (dim, ghost)	2	
		Back-light	1,8	
	Non-display	Flat cable or pin reverse	10	
		Wrong or missing component	11	
Minor	Display state	Background color deviation	2	1.0
		Black spot and dust	3	
		Line defect, Scratch	4	
		Rainbow	5	
		Chip	6	
		Pin hole	7	
	Polarizer	Protruded	12	
		Bubble and foreign material	3	
	Soldering	Poor connection	9	
	Wire	Poor connection	10	
	TAB	Position, Bonding strength	13	

Note on defect classification

No.	Item	Criterion
1	Short or open circuit LC leakage Flickering No display Wrong viewing direction Wrong Back-light	Not allow
2	Contrast defect Background color deviation	Refer to approval sample

Point defect table (No. 3):

3	Point defect, Black spot, dust (including Polarizer) $\phi = (X+Y)/2$	

Point Size	Acceptable Qty.
$\phi \leq 0.10$	Disregard
$0.10 < \phi \leq 0.20$	2（距离大于5mm）
$0.20 < \phi \leq 0.25$	1
$\phi > 0.25$	0

Unit：mm

Line defect table (No. 4):

4	Line defect, Scratch	

Line		Acceptable Qty.
L	W	
---	$0.015 \geq W$	Disregard
$3.0 \geq L$	$0.03 \geq W$	2
$2.0 \geq L$	$0.05 \geq W$	
$1.0 \geq L$	$0.1 > W$	1
---	$0.05 < W$	Applied as point defect

Unit: mm

5	Rainbow	Not more than two color changes across the viewing area.

No	Item	Criterion		

6	Chip
	
	Remark:
	  X: Length direction
	
	  Y: Short direction
	
	  Z: Thickness direction
	
	  t: Glass thickness
	
	  W: Terminal Width
		Acceptable criterion
		
		| X
			Y	Z

---	---	---
$\leqslant 2$	0.5mm	$\leqslant t/2$			

Acceptable criterion

X	Y	Z
$\leqslant 2$	0.5mm	$\leqslant t$

Acceptable criterion

X	Y	Z
$\leqslant 3$	$\leqslant 2$	$\leqslant t$
shall not reach to ITO		

Acceptable criterion

X	Y	Z
Disregard	$\leqslant 0.2$	$\leqslant t$

Acceptable criterion

X	Y	Z
$\leqslant 5$	$\leqslant 2$	$\leqslant t/3$

12

No.	Item	Criterion
7	Segment pattern W = Segment width $\phi = (X+Y)/2$	(1) Pin hole $\phi < 0.10$mm is acceptable. | Point Size	Acceptable Qty | |---|---| | $\phi \leqslant 1/4W$ | Disregard | | $1/4W < \phi \leqslant 1/2W$ | 1 | | $\phi > 1/2W$ | 0 | Unit: mm
8	Back-light	(1) The color of backlight should correspond its specification. (2) Not allow flickering
9	Soldering	(1) Not allow heavy dirty and solder ball on PCB. (The size of dirty refer to point and dust defect) (2) Over 50% of lead should be soldered on Land.
10	Wire	(1) Copper wire should not be rusted (2) Not allow crack on copper wire connection. (3) Not allow reversing the position of the flat cable. (4) Not allow exposed copper wire inside the flat cable.
11*	PCB	(1) Not allow screw rust or damage. (2) Not allow missing or wrong putting of component.

No	Item	Criterion
12	Protruded W: Terminal Width	 Acceptable criteria: $Y \le 0.4$
13	TAB	1. Position $W1 \le 1/3W$ $H1 \le 1/3H$ 2 FPC bonding strength test P (=F/FPC bonding width) $\geq$650gf/cm ,(speed rate: 1mm/min) 5pcs per SOA (shipment)

14	Total no. of acceptable Defect	A. Zone
		
		  Maximum 2 minor non-conformities per one unit.
		  Defect distance: each point to be separated over 10mm
		
		B. Zone
		
		  It is acceptable when it is no trouble for quality and assembly
		  in customer's end product.

11.3 Reliability of LCM

Reliability test condition:

Item	Condition	Time (hrs)	Assessment
High temp. Storage	80°C	48	No abnormalities in functions and appearance
High temp. Operating	70°C	48	
Low temp. Storage	-30°C	48	
Low temp. Operating	-20°C	48	
Humidity	60°C/ 90%RH	48	
Temp. Cycle	-30°C ← 25°C →80°C (60 min ← 5 min → 60min)	10cycles	

Recovery time should be 24 hours minimum. Moreover, functions, performance and appearance shall be free from remarkable deterioration within 50,000 hours under ordinary operating and storage conditions room temperature (20 ± 8°C), normal humidity (below 65% RH), and in the area not exposed to direct sun light.

11.4 Precaution for using LCD/LCM

LCD/LCM is assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Do not attempt to make any alteration or modification. The followings should be noted.

General Precautions:

1. LCD panel is made of glass. Avoid excessive mechanical shock or applying strong pressure onto the surface of display area.
2. The polarizer used on the display surface is easily scratched and damaged. Extreme care should be taken when handling. To clean dust or dirt off the display surface, wipe gently with cotton, or other soft material soaked with isoproply alcohol, ethyl alcohol or trichlorotriflorothane, do not use water, ketone or aromatics and never scrub hard.
3. Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
4. Do not made any modification on the PCB without consulting SUNYEE.
5. When mounting a LCM, make sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
6. Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels and also cause rainbow on the display.
7. Be careful not to touch or swallow liquid crystal that might leak from a damaged cell. Any liquid crystal adheres to skin or clothes, wash it off immediately with soap and water.

Static Electricity Precautions:

1. CMOS-LSI is used for the module circuit; therefore operators should be grounded whenever he/she comes into contact with the module.
2. Do not touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.
3. Do not touch the connection terminals of the display with bare hand; it will cause disconnection or defective insulation of terminals.
4. The modules should be kept in anti-static bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.
5. Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.
6. If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be grounded and shielded to prevent sparks.
7. The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches.
8. Since dry air is inductive to static, a relative humidity of 50-60% is recommended.

Soldering Precautions:

1. Soldering should be performed only on the I/O terminals.
2. Use soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.
3. Soldering temperature: 280°C±10°C
4. Soldering time: 3 to 4 second.
5. Use eutectic solder with resin flux filling.
6. If flux is used, the LCD surface should be protected to avoid spattering flux.
7. Flux residue should be removed.

Operation Precautions:

1. The viewing angle can be adjusted by varying the LCD driving voltage Vo.
2. Since applied DC voltage causes electro-chemical reactions, which deteriorate the display, the applied pulse waveform should be a symmetric waveform such that no DC component remains. Be sure to use the specified operating voltage.
3. Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage will shorten display life.
4. Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
5. Display color may be affected at temperatures above its operational range.
6. Keep the temperature within the specified range usage and storage. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarization degradation, polarizer peel-off or generate bubbles.
7. For long-term storage over 40°C is required, the relative humidity should be kept below 60%, and avoid direct sunlight.

Limited Warranty

SUNYEE LCDs and modules are not consumer products, but may be incorporated by SUNYEE's customers into consumer products or components thereof, SUNYEE does not warrant that its LCDs and components are fit for any such particular purpose.

1. The liability of SUNYEE is limited to repair or replacement on the terms set forth below. SUNYEE will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events or injury or damage to any personnel or user including third party personnel and/or user. Unless otherwise agreed in writing between SUNYEE and the customer, SUNYEE will only replace or repair any of its LCD which is found defective electrically or visually when inspected in accordance with SUNYEE general LCD inspection standard. (Copies available on request)
2. No warranty can be granted if any of the precautions state in handling liquid crystal display above has been disregarded. Broken glass, scratches on polarizer mechanical damages as well as defects that are caused accelerated environment tests are excluded from warranty.
3. In returning the LCD/LCM, they must be properly packaged; there should be detailed description of the failures or defect.